

Dedicated lane on motorways

Assessment, strategies in France

François Rambaud – Cerema Territoires et Ville October 2016

Content

- What we know from abroad
- The Trends in France
- Key points of our next guide book « Buses on shoulder »
- Questions



Madrid





Grenoble



Barcelona



Case studies from abroad

• USA / Canada : mostly HOV, HOT ..

USA: 5500 km of HOV – 400 for buses 600 km of HOT, since the 90ties

a new trend: HOT with congestion pricing

Buses on shoulder: Minneapolis mainly (480km)

• **Spain** :

Madrid: the Bus VAO – 16km (busses and carpooling)
Barcelona: A new Bus VAO – 7km (buses, carpooling, clean vehicules)

Netherlands:

Since 1995, Busses on hard shoulder, 20 projects, one in A9, 5km (Zuidtangent)

One carpooling lane (+3) tested in 93, abandoned – A1

HOV in other EU countries :

UK: 2 projects in Bristol, in Leeds (1998 – 1,6km, 2+), Norway: 1 project in Trondheim, (2001 - 0,8km, 3+) Sweden: 1 project in Stockholm, (2000 - 8km, 3+)

Austria: 1 project in Linz, (1999 - 2,8km, 3+).







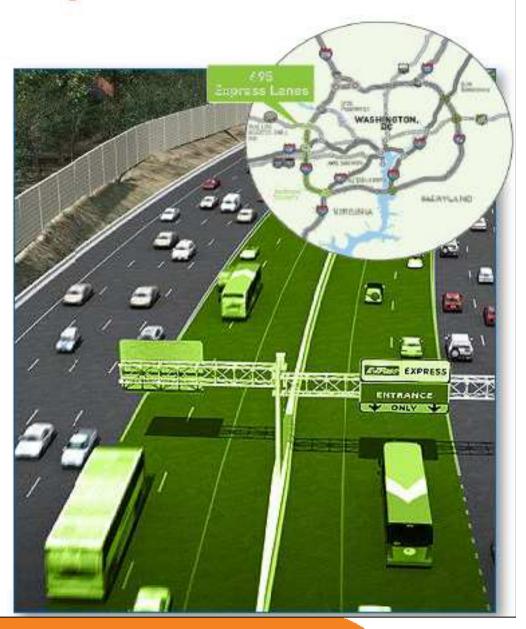
Virginia's P3 Projects - Open to Traffic

495 Express lanes (Virginia state)

- opened in July 2012
- 22 km
- Big improvement of entrance/exit, with 2 billions \$, into a PPP (80 years)
- free: HOV+3, buses, some trucks
- variable pricing for car "solo"
- high penalties : until 1000\$!



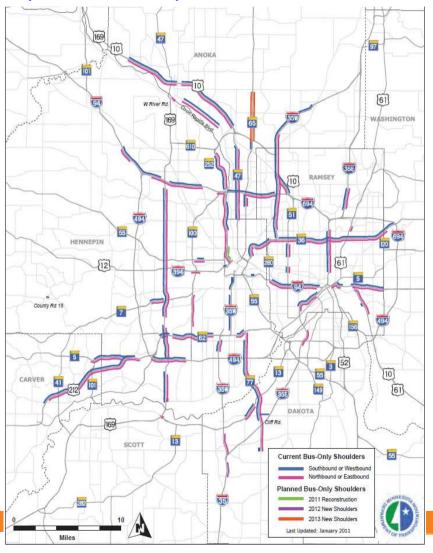
1 MILE

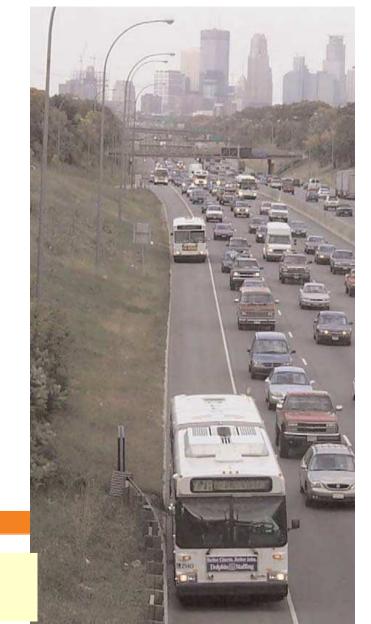




Buses on freeway shoulder - Minneapolis - Saint Paul, Minnesota, USA

In 1991, bus-only-shoulders were tested. Buses are allowed to use the shoulders only when the traffic speed drops below 56 kph.





The 480-km. network of Bus Only Shoulders in the Twin Cities (Minnesota Department of Transportation)

Alone and emblematic European BRT / HOV experience...

Buses + carpooling + motorcycle into the highway « A6 »



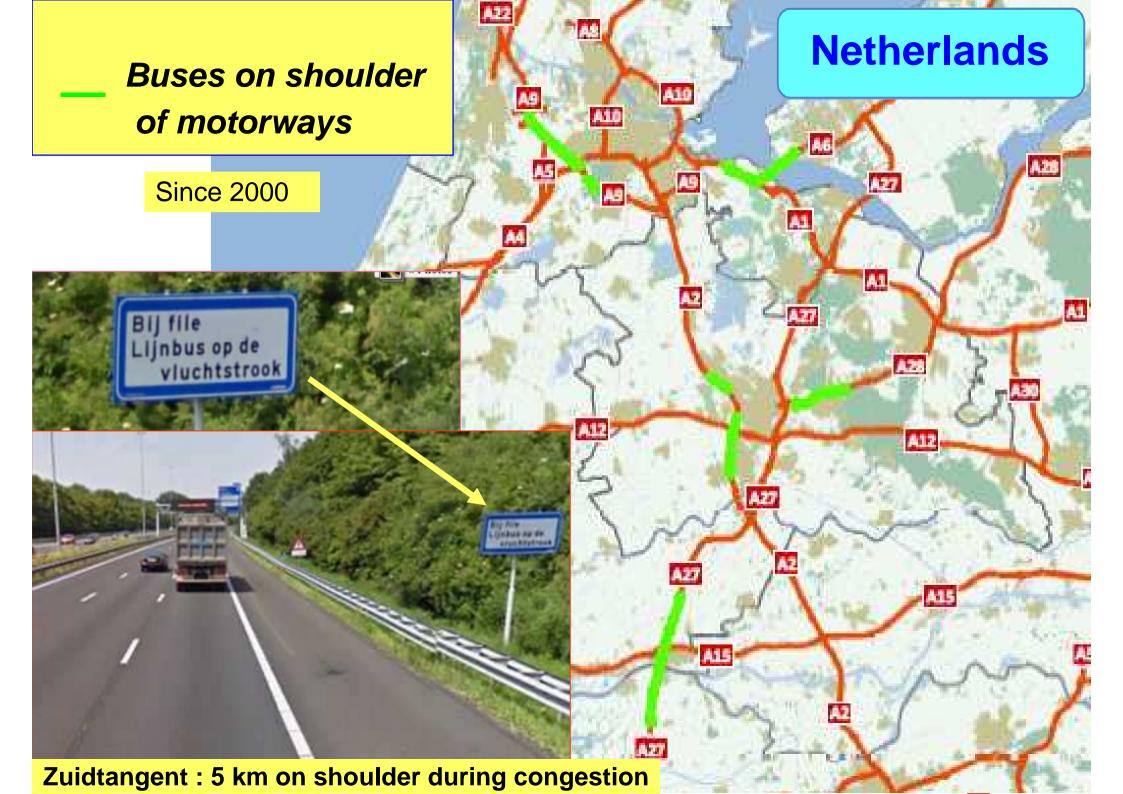
Madrid







200 buses / hour - 44 lines in this corridor



Case studies in France

• A48 – Grenoble : 2X2, Buses on hard shoulder.

First phase opened in 2007: 4 km

Second phase opened in 2013: 4 km

Lane is managed by an operator (dynamic signalisation) – high cost Always, operated as an experimental solution (Signs not yet in our regulation)

• A7 – AIX, Marseille : 2X3, Buses/ taxis on the slow lane

Opened in 2013, 60 buses + 15 taxi / hour

The 2 last KM of the motorway

Static signalisation

A51 – AIX, Marseille, 2X3, Buses on hard shoulder

Opened in 2015 - 1,5km

A design like a bus lane, with a static signalisation : **soon our new standard** Extension will be opened soon (1,5km, upstream)

• Many projects in Île de France (Paris region)

A10: bus on shoulder, many other projects on studies...

A1: Bus lane on the left side, static signalisation, on study

A6a: Bus and taxi lane on the slow lane, with a dynamic signalisation

Buses on shoulder on highway A48

North entrance of Grenoble, opened in 2007, extended in 2014: 8 km in total

Grenoble

Investment cost : 2 M€ / km

Dedicated lane opened by an operator (around 2 hours /day)

No freedom to enter, to exit – speed limit: 50 km/h

One crossing managed by traffic lights

Positive results, 25 / 30 bus /hour, good safety

But, system considered now too rigid, too expensive

Always into an experimental status ...







A7 - Entrance in Marseille Since 2013

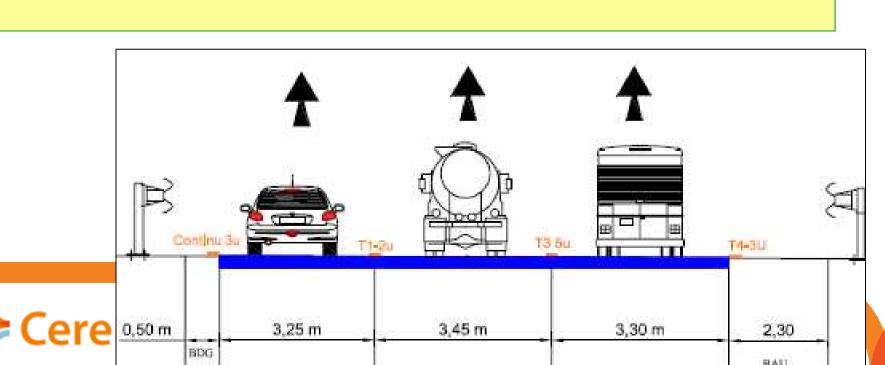
Bus lane into the slow lane - 2km,

Safety:

- Good feedbacks, good understanding
- Important fraud ...

Good balance for PT: better regularity (55 coaches /h + 10 taxis/h)

Traffic congestion: almost the same

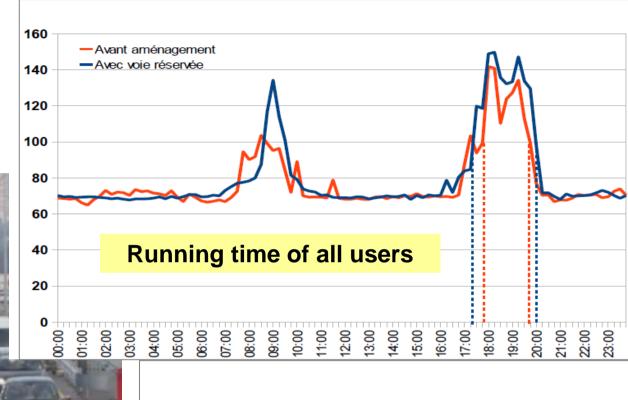


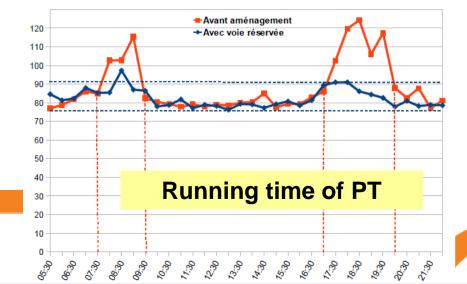


Dedicated lane on A7

Assessement

Marseille







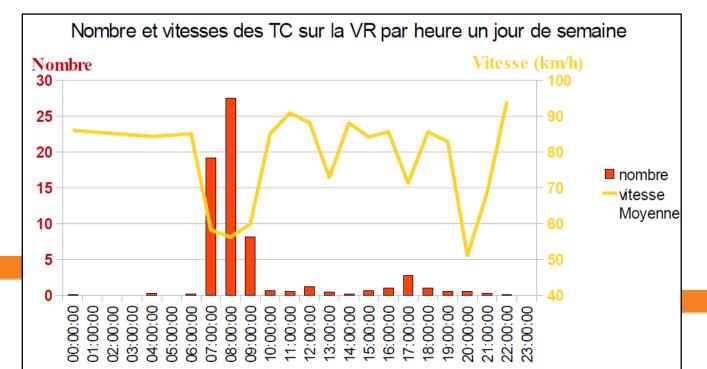
Buses on shoulder on highway A51

Between Aix and Marseille,

- 1st phase opened in April 2015
- Congestion between 7h 10h
- Static signalisation
- speed limited at 50 Km/h, but not displayed
- 30 buses / hour



Aix-Marseille



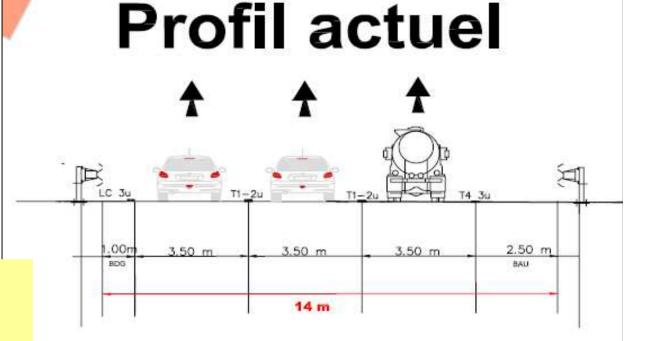


Aix-Marseille

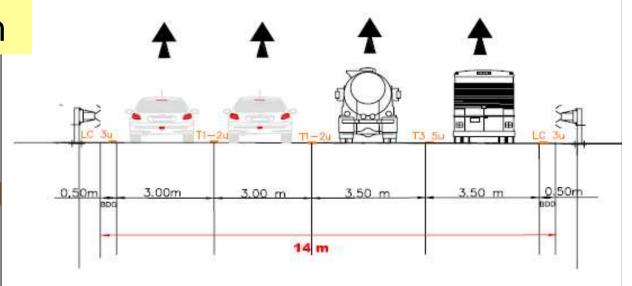
A51 (mai 2015)

The Cross-sections, before, after

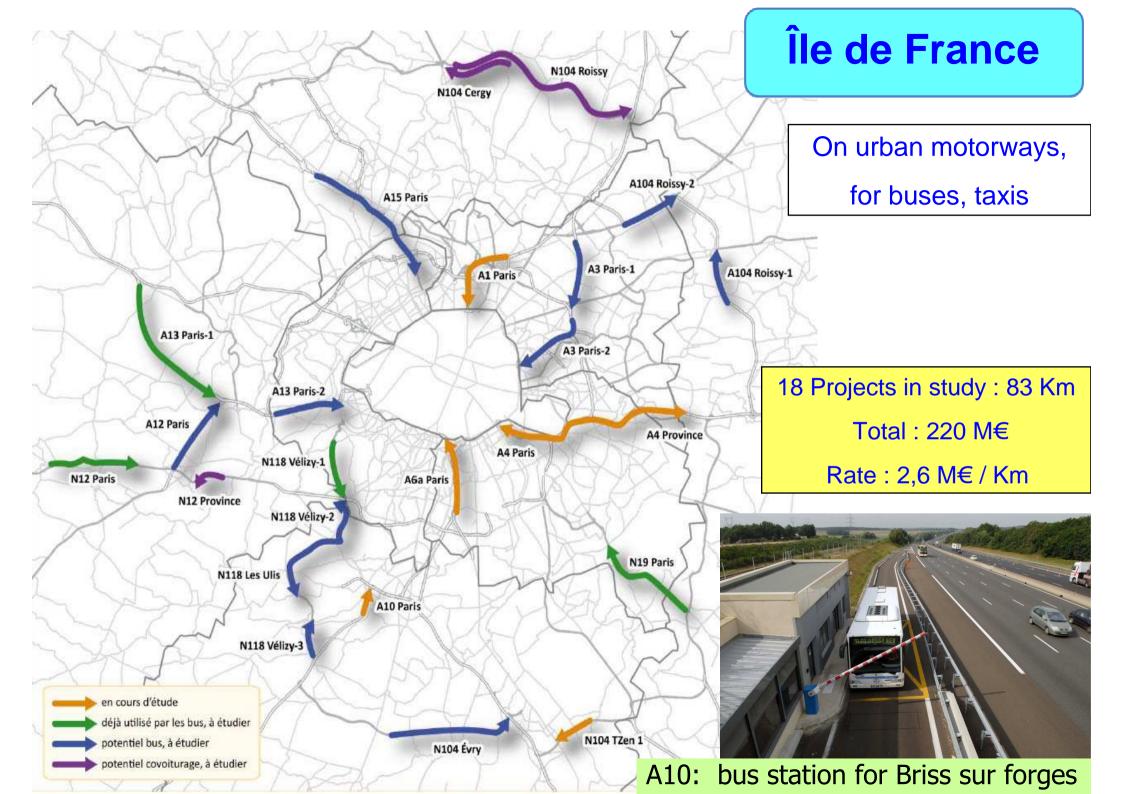
Speed limited at 90 Km/h



Profil projet

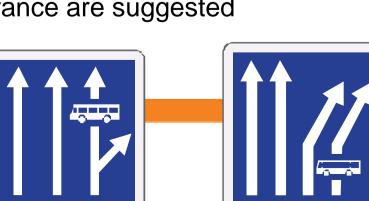


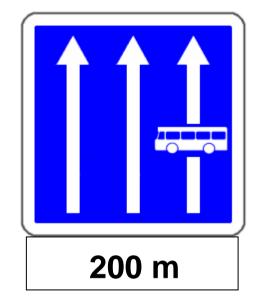


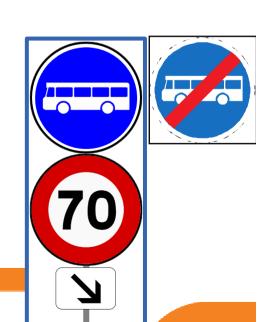


Key points for our new guideline « Bus on shoulder »

- Design like an additional climbing lane, without hard shoulder
- Buses only, (no taxis, no tourism buses,...)
- Limited traffic : < 100 buses /hour</p>
- Static signalisation, like a bus lane (without direction signing)
- Freedom to enter, to exit from anywhere
- A supervision by the road operator
- Refuge islands are no more required (before, every 500m)
- Speed limits: < 70, 50 km/h, according to visibility constraints</p>
- Differential speed not managed
- The speed limit should be displayed
- Junctions with exit or entrance are suggested







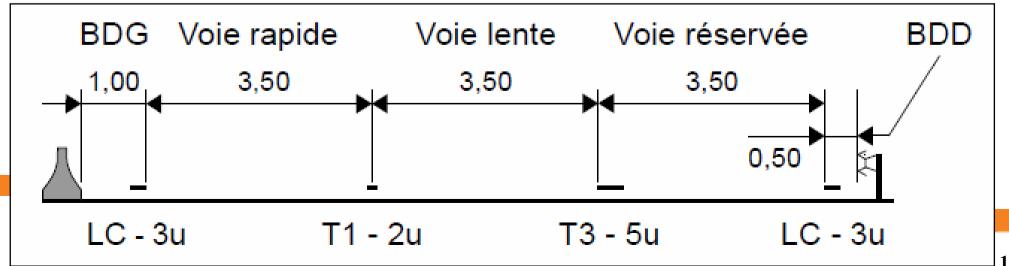


Main design characteristics

Width of the bus lane

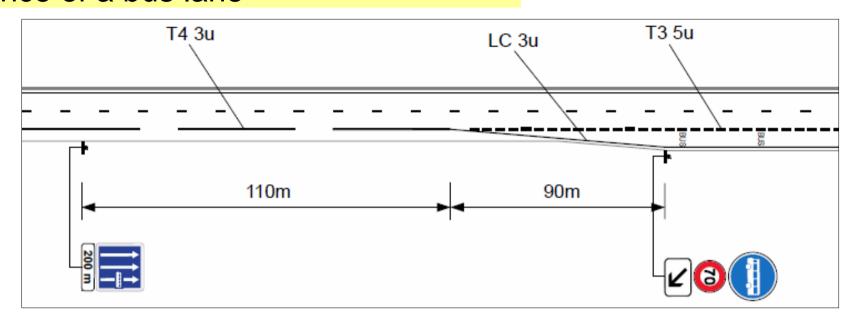
| < 30 km/h | 50 km/h | 70 km/h |
|-----------|---------|---------|
| 3,20 m | 3,30 m | 3,50 m |

Width of the runing platform

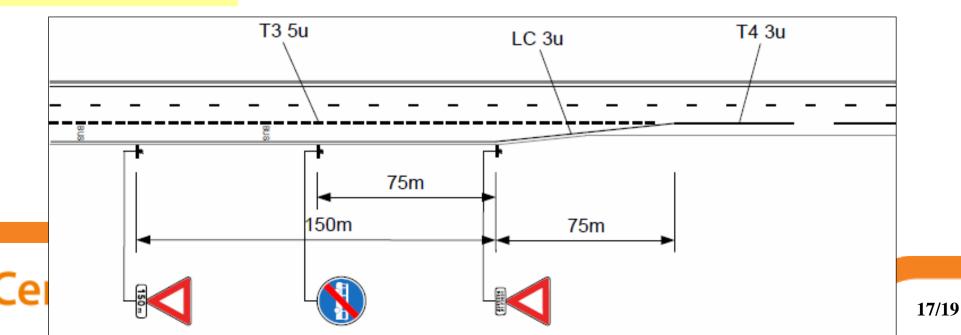


Layout plan suggested (1)

Entrance of a bus lane

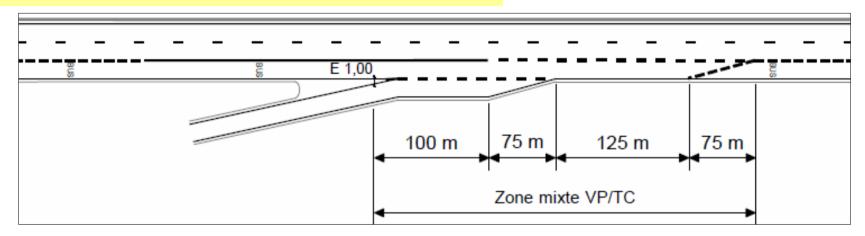


Exit of a bus lane

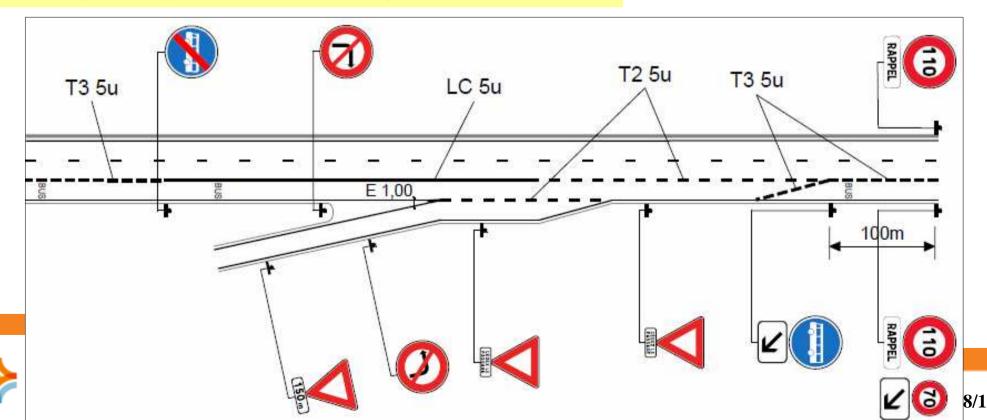


Layout plan suggested (2)

Crossing through an entrance - design

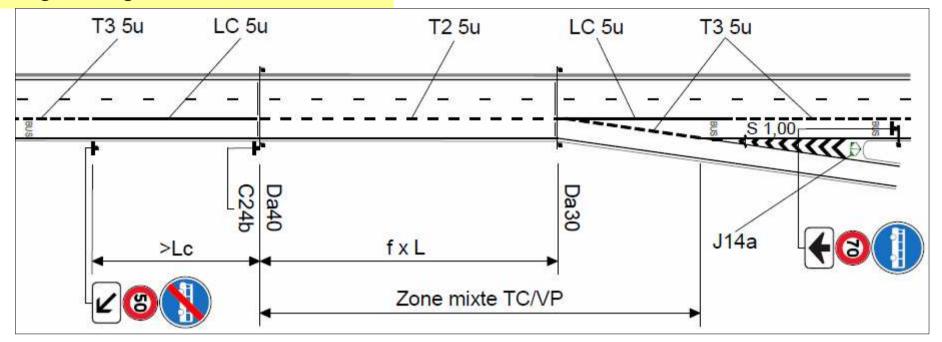


Crossing through an entrance - signalisation

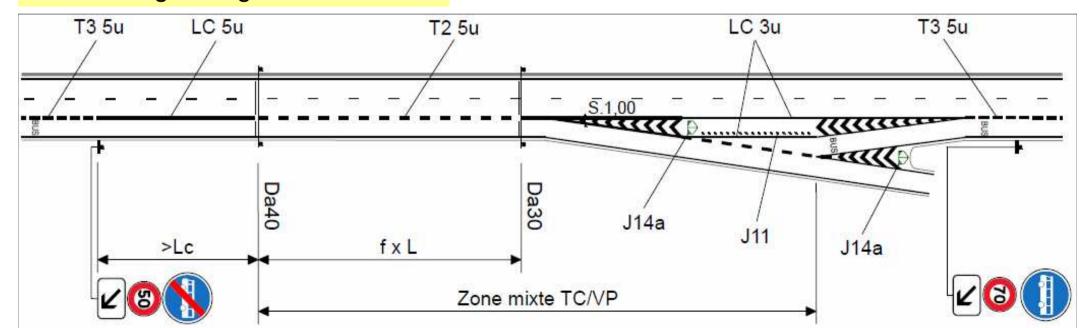


Layout plan suggested (4)

Crossing through an exit - A



Crossing through an exit - B



Remarks, discussion ...

What assessments do you get today, from your « bus on shoulder » experiences?

- regarding the safety
- regarding the PT benefits, the traffic impact
- regarding the acceptance of the users (fraud? ...)
- regarding your design strategies, is there any evolution going on?

Have you some new projects of bus lane (shared lane), taking the slow lane, the rapid lane, the shoulders ?...

Have you experimented some dedicated lanes, with a dynamic signalisation

Your Opinion, your trends regarding carpooling lanes



